

EcholQ Limited

ACN 142 901 353

(Company)

Corporate Governance Statement

Introduction

This Corporate Government Statement is current as at 28 September 2023 and has been approved by the Board of the Company on that date.

This Corporate Government Statement discloses the extent to which the Company will, as at the date it is Council in its publication Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations – 4th Edition (*Recommendations*). The Recommendations are not mandatory, however, the Recommendations that will not be followed have been identified and reasons provided for not following them along with what (if any) alternative governance practices the Company intends to adopt in lieu of the recommendation.

The Company has adopted a Board Charter and Corporate Governance Plan (**Board Charter**) which provides the written terms of reference for the Company's corporate governance duties.

Due to the current size and nature of the existing Board and the magnitude of the Company's operations, the Board does not consider that the Company will gain any benefit from individual Board committees and that its resources would be better utilised in other areas as the Board is of the strong view that at this stage the experience and skill set of the current Board is sufficient to perform these roles. Under the Company's Board Charter, the duties that would ordinarily be assigned to individual committees are currently carried out by the full Board under the written terms of reference for those committees.

The Board Charter is available on the Company's website.

PRINCIPLE 1 – LAY SOLID FOUNDATIONS FOR MANAGEMENT AND OVERSIGHT			
Recommendations (4 th Edition)	Compliant?	Explanation	
Recommendation 1.1 A listed entity should have and disclose a board chartersetting out: (a) the respective roles and responsibilities of itsBoard and management; and (b) those matters expressly reserved to the Boardand those delegated to management.	Yes	 (a) The Company has adopted a Board Charter that sets out the specific roles and responsibilities of the Board, the Chair and management and includes a description of those matters expressly reserved to the Board and those delegated to management. (b) The Board Charter sets out the specific responsibilities of the Board, requirements as to the Board's composition, the roles and responsibilities of the Chair of the Board and Company Secretary, the establishment, operation and management of Board Committees, Directors' access to Board papers, details of the Board's relationship with management, details of the Board's performance review and details of the Board's disclosure policy. A copy of the Company's Board Charter is available on the Company's website. 	
Recommendation 1.2 A listed entity should: (a) undertake appropriate checks before appointing a director or senior executive or putting someoneforward for election as a Director; and (b) provide security holders with all material information in its possession relevant to a decision on whether or not to elect or re-elect aDirector.	Yes	 (a) The Company has guidelines for the appointment and selection of the Board and senior executives and Directors in its Board Charter. Further, the Company's Remuneration and Nomination Committee Charter requires the Remuneration and Nomination Committee (or, in its absence, the Board) to ensure appropriate checks (including checks in respect of character, experience, education, criminal record and bankruptcy history (as appropriate)) are undertaken before appointing a person, or putting forward to security holders a candidate for election as a Director. In the event of an unsatisfactory check, a Director is required to submit their resignation. A copy of the Company's Remuneration and Nomination Committee Charter is available on the Company's website. (b) Under the Remuneration and Nomination Committee Charter, the Remuneration and Nomination Committee (or, in its absence, the Board)must provide all material information in relation to a decision on whether or not to elect or re-elect a Director to security holders. 	
Recommendation 1.3 A listed entity should have a written agreement with each Director and senior executive setting out the terms of their appointment.	Yes	The Company's Board Charter requires that the Company have a written agreement with each Director and senior executive setting out the terms of their appointment. The Company has written agreements with each of its Directors and senior executives.	
Recommendation 1.4 The Company Secretary of a listed entity should be accountable directly to the Board, through the Chair, on all matters to do with the proper functioning of the Board.	Yes	The Board Charter outlines the roles, responsibility and accountability of the Company Secretary. In accordance with this, the Company Secretary is accountable directly to the Board, through the Chair, on all governance matters and reports directly to the Chair as the representative of the Board.	

Recommendation 1.5 A listed entity should:	Partial	(a) The Company has adopted a Diversity Policy which provides a frameworkfor the Company to establish, achieve and measure diversity objectives, including in respect of gender diversity. A copy of the Company's Diversity Policy is available on the Company's website as part of the Corporate
 (a) have and disclose a diversity policy; (b) through its board or a committee of the board setmeasurable objectives for achieving gender diversity in the composition of its board, senior executives and workforce generally; and (c) disclose in relation to each reporting period: (i) the measurable objectives set for thatperiod to achieve gender diversity; (ii) the entity's progress towards achievingthose objectives; and (iii) either: (A) the respective proportions of men and women on the Board, in seniorexecutive positions and across the whole workforce (including how theentity has defined 'senior executive'for these purposes); or (B) if the entity is a 'relevant employer'under the Workplace Gender Equality Act, the entity's most recent 'Gender Equality Indicators', as defined in and published under that Act. If the entity was in the S&P / ASC 300 Index of the commencement of the reporting period, the measurable objective for achieving gender diversity in the composition of its board should be to have not less than 30% of its direction of each gender within a specified period. 		A copy of the Company's Diversity Policy is available on the Company's website as part of the Corporate Governance Plan. (b) The Diversity Policy allows the Board to set measurable gender diversity objectives and to continually monitor both the objectives if any have beenset and the Company's progress in achieving them. (c) Given the small size of the Board and the nature of the Company's operations, the Board does not presently intend to set measurable gender diversity objectives because: (i) the Board believed that, given the size of the company and the board, doing so would unreasonably restrict the company's ability to implement its diversity policy as a whole and its policy of appointing staff based on qualifications and merit. The board will consider setting measurable objectives as the Company increases in size and complexity; (ii) As at 28 September 2023, the gender composition of the Company and its operating subsidiaries was as follows. Male Female Employees 100% 0% Board 100% 0% Senior Executive 33% 66% Group 88% 12% The Company Secretaries and Chief Operating Officer have been included as Senior Executives.
Recommendation 1.6 A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a process for periodically evaluating the performance of the Board, its committees and individual Directors; and (b) disclose for each reporting period whether a performance evaluation has been undertaken in accordance with that process during or in respect of that period.	Yes	(a) The Company's Remuneration and Nomination Committee (or, in its absence, the Board) is responsible for evaluating the performance of the Board, its committees and individual Directors on an annual basis. It may do so with the aid of an independent advisor.A formal evaluation of the Board and skills matrix has taken place during the reporting period.
Recommendation 1.7 A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a process for evaluating the performance of its senior executives at least once every reporting period; and (b) disclose for each reporting period whether a performance evaluation has been undertaken in accordance with that process during or in respect of that period.	Yes	 (a) The Company's Board Charter provides that the Company will evaluate the performance of the Company's senior executives on an annual basis. A senior executive, for these purposes, means key management personnel (as defined in the Corporations Act) other than a non-executive Director. The applicable processes for these evaluations can be found in the Company's Board Charter. The Board will ensure that an evaluation of the individual executives of the Company is undertaken in accordance with the Performance Evaluation Policy every financial year.

PRINCIPLE 2 - STRUCTURE THE BOARD TO BE EFFECTIVE AND ADD VALUE			
Recommendations (4 th Edition)	Compliant?	Explanation	
Recommendation 2.1 The Board of a listed entity should: (a) have a nomination committee which: (i) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent Directors; and (ii) is chaired by an independent Director, and disclose: (iii) the charter of the committee; (iv) the members of the committee; and (v) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members of those meetings; or (b) if it does not have a nomination committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs to address Board succession issues and to ensure that the Board has the appropriate balance of skills, knowledge, experience, independence and responsibilities effectively.	Partial Compliance Only	 (a) The Company does not presently have a Nomination Committee. However, the Company has adopted a Remuneration and Nomination Committee Charter that provides for the creation of a Remuneration and Nomination Committee (if it is considered it will benefit the Company), with at least three members, a majority of whom are to be independent Directors, and which must be chaired by an independent Director. (b) The Company does not presently have a Nomination Committee as the Board considers that the Company will not currently benefit from its establishment. In accordance with the Company's Board Charter, due to the size and nature of the Company, the Board performs the role of the Nomination Committee. When the Board convenes as the Nomination Committee, it carries out the duties that would ordinarily be carried out by the Nomination Committee as identified in the Company's Remuneration and Nomination Committee Charter. This includes the following processes to address succession issues and to ensure the Board has the appropriate balance of skills, experience, independence and knowledge of the entity to enable it to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively: (i) devoting time at least annually to discuss Board succession issues; and (ii) all Board members being involved in the Company's nomination process, to the maximum extent permitted under the Corporations Act and ASX Listing Rules. 	
Recommendation 2.2 A listed entity should have and disclose a Board skills matrix setting out the mix of skills that the Board currently has or is looking to achieve in its membership.	Yes	The Board has identified that the appropriate mix of skills and diversity required of its members on the Board to operate effectively and efficiently is achieved by personnel having substantial skills and experience in operational management, exploration and geology, corporate governance, finance, listed resource companies, equity markets and global funds management. Each of these areas is currently well represented on the Board. A profile of each Director setting out their skills, experience, expertise and period of office is set out in the Directors' Report in the Annual Report.	
Recommendation 2.3 A listed entity should disclose: (a) the names of the Directors considered by the Board to be independent Directors; (b) if a Director has an interest, position or relationship of the type described in Box 2.3 of the ASX Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations (4th Edition), but the Board is of the opinion that it does not compromise the independence of the Director, the nature of the interest, position or relationship in question and an explanation of why the Board is of that opinion; and (c) the length of service of each Director.	Yes	 (a) The Board considers that during the year ended 30 June 2023 Simon Tolhurst, Stephen Picton and Steve Formica were independent Directors. Andrew Grover is an executive director and a substantial shareholder and therefore not considered to be independent. It is noted that subsequent to the year end, Steve Formica became a substantial shareholder of the Company. (b) The Board is of the opinion that Andrew Grover's interests and position held do not compromise his independence and the Board is comfortable that Andrew has the capacity to bring an independent judgment to bear on issues put before the Board and act in the best interests of the entity and its security holders generally. (c) The Company's Annual Report discloses the length of service of each Director, as at the end of each financial year. 	
Recommendation 2.4 A majority of the Board of a listed entity should be independent Directors.	Yes	For the 2023 financial year the board was compromised of a total of four (4) directors, 3 of whom were considered to be independent. As such, there is not a greater number of independent directors to non-independent directors on the Board. As at 30 June 2023 the Board considered Simon Tolhurst, Stephen Picton and Steve Formica to be independent. This formed 75% of the board.	

Recommendation 2.5 The Chair of the Board of a listed entity should be an independent Director and, in particular, should not be the same person as the CEO of the entity	No	Andrew Grover serves as the Executive Chair of the Board, a role deemed beneficial by the Board due to the company's current stage of development. As the company grows in size and complexity, the Board will contemplate the appointment of an independent chair.
Recommendation 2.6 A listed entity should have a program for inducting new Directors and for periodically reviewing whether there is a need for existing directors to undertake professional development to maintain the skills and knowledge needed to perform their role as Directors effectively.	Yes	Under the Remuneration and Nomination Committee Charter, the Remuneration and Nomination Committee (or, in its absence, the Board) isresponsible for the approval and review of induction. The Company will also review the need for any continuing professional development programs and procedures for Directors to ensure that they caneffectively discharge their responsibilities.

PRINCIPLE 3 – INSTIL A CULTURE OF ACTING LAWFULLY, ETHICALLY AND RESPONSIBLY		
Recommendations (4 th Edition)	Compliant?	Explanation
Recommendation 3.1 A listed entity should articulate and disclose its values.	Yes	The Company is committed to conducting all of its business activities fairly, honestly with a high level of integrity, and in compliance with all applicable laws, rules and regulations. The Board, management and employees are dedicated to high ethical standards and recognise and support the Company's commitment to compliance with these standards.
		The Company's values are listed on the Company's website.
Recommendation 3.2 A listed entity should:	Yes	The Company's Code of Conduct applies to the Company's Directors, senior executives and employees. Any material breaches of the Code of Conduct are reported by the CompanySecretary to the Board.
(a) have and disclose a code of conduct for its Directors, senior executives and employees; and		
(b) ensure that the Board or a committee of the Board is informed of any material breaches of that code.		
Recommendation 3.3 A listed entity should: (a) have and disclose a whistleblower policy; and	Yes	Under the Company's Whistleblower Protection Policy, any material breaches of the Whistleblower Protection Policy are to be reported to the Company Secretary of the Board.
(b) ensure that the Board or a committee of the Board is informed of any material breaches reported under that policy.		A copy of the Whistleblower Protection Policy is available on the Company's website.
Recommendation 3.4 A listed entity should:	Yes	Under the Company's Anti-Bribery and Anti-Corruption Policy, any material breaches of the Anti-Bribery and Anti-Corruption Policy are to be reported to the Company Secretary of the Board.
 (a) have and disclose an anti-bribery and corruptionpolicy; and (b) ensure that the Board or a committee of the Board is informed of any material breaches of that policy. 		A copy of the Anti-Bribery and Anti-Corruption Policy is available on theCompany's website.

PRINCIPLE 4 – SAFEGUARD THE INTEGRITY OF CORPORATE REPORTS			
Recommendations (4 th Edition)	Compliant?	Explanation	
Recommendation 4.1 The Board of a listed entity should: (a) have an audit and risk committee which: (i) has at least three members, all of whom are non-executive Directors and a majority of whom are independent Directors; and (ii) is chaired by an independent Director, who is not the Chair of the Board, and disclose: (iii) the charter of the committee; (iv) the relevant qualifications and experience of the members of the committee; and (v) in relation to each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have an audit and risk committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs that independently verify and safeguard the integrity of its corporate reporting, including the processes for the appointment and removal of the external auditor and the rotation of the audit engagement partner.	No No	 (a) The Company does not presently have an Audit and Risk Committee. The Company's Audit and Risk Committee Charter provides for the creation of an Audit and Risk Committee with at least three members, all of whom must be non-executive Directors, and majority of the Committee must be independent Directors. The Committee must be chaired by an independent Director who is not the Chair. A copy of the Audit and Risk Committee Charter is available on the Company's website as part of the Corporate Governance Plan. (b) The Company does not presently have an Audit and Risk Committee as the Board consider the Company will not currently benefit from its establishment. In accordance with the Company's Board Charter, due to the size and nature of the Company, the Board performs the role of the Audit and Risk Committee including the following processes to independently verify and safeguard the integrity of its financial reporting, including the processes for the appointment and removal of the external auditor and the rotation of the audit engagement partner: (i) the Board devotes time at Board meetings to fulfilling the roles and responsibilities associated with maintaining the Company's internal audit function and arrangements with external auditors; and (ii) all members of the Board are involved in the Company's audit function to ensure the proper maintenance of the entity and the integrity of all financial reporting. Further, the Audit and Risk Committee Charter requires that the Audit and Risk Committee (or, in its absence, the Board) to review the appointment and removal of the external auditor. 	
Recommendation 4.2 The Board of a listed entity should, before it approves the entity's financial statements for a financial period, receive from its CEO and CFO a declaration that, in their opinion, the financial records of the entity have been properly maintained and that the financial statements comply with the appropriate accounting standards and give a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the entity and that the opinion has been formed on the basis of a sound system of risk management and internal control which is operating effectively.	Yes	Prior to approving the Company's financial statements for a financial period, the Board will receive assurances from each of the Chairman and the Chief Operating Officer, that in their opinion: the financial statements of the Company have been properly maintained; the financial statements comply with the appropriate accounting standards and give a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the Company; and their opinion has been formed on the basis of a sound system of risk management and internal control which is operating effectively.	
Recommendation 4.3 A listed entity should disclose its process to verify the integrity of any periodic corporate report it releases to the market that is not audited or reviewed by an external auditor.	Yes	Should the Company release any periodic corporate report to the market that has not been audited or reviewed by an external auditor, then it will also look to disclose its process to verify the integrity of that report. The Company takes its periodic corporate reporting seriously, and is engaged with its external auditor throughout the audit process of all of its relevant period reporting requirements. In addition, as set out in the Company's Continuous Disclosure and Shareholder Communication policies, the external auditor is required to attend the AGM and be available to answer questions about the conduct of the audit and the preparation and content of the auditor's report. A copy of the Continuous Disclosure Policy and Shareholder Communication Policy are available on the Company's corporate governance section of its website as part of the Corporate Governance Plan.	

PRINCIPLE 5 – MAKE TIMELY AND BALANCED DISCLOSURE		
Recommendations (4 th Edition)	Compliant?	Explanation
Recommendation 5.1 A listed entity should have and disclose a written policy for complying with its	Yes	The Company's Continuous Disclosure Policy provides details on how the Company complies with its continuous disclosure obligations under the Corporations Act and the ASX Listing Rules.
continuous disclosure obligations under listing rule 3.1.		A copy of the Continuous Disclosure Policy is available on the Company's website as part of the Corporate Governance Plan.
Recommendation 5.2	Yes	Under the Company's Continuous Disclosure Policy, all members of the Board will receive market
A listed entity should ensure that its board receives copies of all material market announcements promptly after they have been made.		announcements promptly after they have been made.
Recommendation 5.3	Yes	The Company makes all investor presentations available to the market via the ASX Market Announcement
A listed entity that gives a new and substantive investor or analyst presentation should	uld	Platform before they are delivered to investors.
release a copy of the presentation materials on the ASX Market Announcements Platform ahead of the presentation.		The presentations are also publicly available via the Company's website.

PRINCIPLE 6 – RESPECT THE RIGHTS OF SECURITY HOLDERS		
Recommendations (4 th Edition)	Compliant?	Explanation
Recommendation 6.1	Yes	Information about the Company and its governance is available on the Company's website.
A listed entity should provide information about itself and its governance to investors via its website.		
Recommendation 6.2	Yes	The Company's Shareholder Communications Policy aims to promote and facilitate effective two-way
A listed entity should have an investor relations program that facilitates effective two- way communication with investors.		communication with investors. The Policy outlines a range of ways in which information is communicated to shareholders.
		A copy of the Shareholder Communications Policy is available on the Company's website as part of the Corporate Governance Plan.
Recommendation 6.3	Yes	Security holders are encouraged to participate at all of the Company's general meetings and Annual General
A listed entity should disclose how it facilitates and encourages participation at meetings of security holders.		Meetings. For those shareholder that are unable to attend an annual meeting they are encouraged to submit any questions to the Company Secretary prior to the meeting to put to the Chair of the meeting on their behalf.
Recommendation 6.4	Yes	All substantive resolutions of security holder meetings will be decided by a poll rather than a show of hands.
A listed entity should ensure that all substantive resolutions at a meeting of security holders are decided by a poll rather than by a show of hands.		
Recommendation 6.5	Yes	The Company's Shareholder Communications Policy provides that security holders can register through the
A listed entity should give security holders the option to receive communications from, and send communications to, the entity and its security registry electronically.		Company's share registry to receive notifications from the Company electronically. Links are made available to the Company's website on which all information provided to the ASX is immediately posted.
		Shareholders queries should be referred to the Company Secretary at first instance at cosec@echoiq.ai

PRINCIPLE 7 – RECOGNISE AND MANAGE RISK			
Recommendations (4 th Edition)	Compliant?	Explanation	
Recommendation 7.1 The Board of a listed entity should: (a) have a committee or committees to oversee risk, each of which: (i) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent Directors; and (ii) is chaired by an independent Director, and disclose: (iii) the charter of the committee; (iv) the members of the committee; and (v) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have a risk committee or committees that satisfy (a) above, disclose that fact and the process it employs for overseeing the entity's risk management framework.	No	 (a) The Company does not presently have an Audit and Risk Committee. The Company's Audit and Risk Committee Charter provides for the creation of an Audit and Risk Committee with at least three members, all of whom must be non-executive Directors, and majority of the Committee must be independent Directors. The Committee must be chaired by an independent Director who is not the Chair. (b) The Company does not presently have an Audit and Risk Committee as the Board considers that the Company will not currently benefit from its establishment. In accordance with the Company's Board Charter, due to the size and nature of the Company, the Board performs the role of the Audit and Risk Committee. When the Board convenes as the Audit and Risk Committee, it carries out the duties that would ordinarily be carried out by the Audit and Risk Committee as identified in the Company's Audit and Risk Committee Charter. This includes the processes to oversee the Company's risk management framework. The Board will regularly devote time at Board meetings to fulfilling the roles and responsibilities associated with overseeing risk and maintaining the entity's risk management framework and associated internal compliance and control procedures. 	
Recommendation 7.2 The Board or a committee of the Board should: (a) review the entity's risk management framework at least annually to satisfy itself that it continues to be sound and that the entity is operating with due regard to the risk appetite set by the Board; and (b) disclose in relation to each reporting period, whether such a review has taken place.	Yes	 (a) The Audit and Risk Committee Charter requires that the Audit and Risk Committee (or, in its absence, the Board) should, at least annually, satisfy itself that the Company's risk management framework continues to be sound and that the Company is operating with due regard to the risk appetite set by the Board. (b) The Board Charter provides that the Company will review annually its operations to update its risk appetite. The Company completed a review of the Company's risk management framework during the period. 	
Recommendation 7.3 A listed entity should disclose: (a) if it has an internal audit function, how the function is structured and what role it performs; or (b) if it does not have an internal audit function that fact and the processes it employs for evaluating and continually improving the effectiveness of its governance, risk management and internal control processes.	Yes	The Audit and Risk Committee Charter provides for the Audit and Risk Committee to monitor and periodically review the need for an internal audit function, as well as assess the performance and objectivity of any internal audit procedures that may be in place. The Company does not presently have an internal audit function however the Company's Audit and Risk Committee Charter states that the role of the risk committee will include assisting the Board in the effective discharge of its governance and oversight responsibilities in relation to various matters including internal and external audit functions. A copy of the Risk Management Policy is available on the Company's website as part of the Corporate Governance Plan.	
Recommendation 7.4 A listed entity should disclose whether it has any material exposure to environmental or social risks and, if it does, how it manages or intends to manage those risks.	Yes	The Audit and Risk Committee Charter requires the Audit and Risk Committee (or, in its absence, the Board) to assist management to determine whether the Company has any potential or apparent exposure to environment or social risks and, if it does, put in place management systems, practices and procedures to manage those risks. The Company discloses in its Annual Report whether it has any potential or apparent exposure to environmental or social risks and, if it does, put in place management systems, practices and procedures to manage those risks.	

PRINCIPLE 8 – REMUNERATE FAIRLY AND RESPONSIBLY			
Recommendations (4 th Edition)	Compliant?	Explanation	
Recommendation 8.1 The Board of a listed entity should: (a) have a remuneration committee which: (i) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent Directors; and (ii) is chaired by an independent Director, and disclose: (iii) the charter of the committee; (iv) the members of the committee; and (v) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or (b) if it does not have a remuneration committee, disclosure that fact and the processes it employs for setting the level and composition or remuneration for Directors and senior executives and ensuring that such remuneration is appropriate and not excessive.	Yes	The Company did have a Remuneration Committee for the past financial year. (i) The Committee has 3 members of which 2 are independent Directors. (ii) During the year ended 30 June 2023, the Committee is chaired by Steve Formica who was an independent director during that period. (iii) The Company's Remuneration Committee charter can be located in the Company's Corporate Governance Plan available on the website. (iv) Andrew Grover, Stephen Picton and Steven Formica are the members of the Remuneration Committee. (v) During the year the Remuneration Committee met in addition to the full Board to consider remuneration matters.	
Recommendation 8.2 A listed entity should separately disclose its policies and practices regarding the remuneration of non-executive Directors and the remuneration of executive Directors and other senior executives.	Yes	The Company's Board Charter sets out the basis for the remuneration of Directors and senior executives. Further, the remuneration arrangements for the Company's non-executive directors and executive directors, including the relevant policies and practices for determining these arrangements, are set out in the Company's Remuneration Report which forms part of the Company's Annual Report.	
Recommendation 8.3 A listed entity which has an equity-based remuneration scheme should: (a) have a policy on whether participants are permitted to enter into transactions (whether through the use of derivatives or otherwise) which limit the economic risk of participating in the scheme; and (b) disclose that policy or a summary of it.	Partial	The company had an Employee Incentive Plan in place during the last financial year. The Company's Securities Trading Policy prohibits the use of derivatives in relation to unvested equity instruments and prohibits the use of margin loan facilities. The Trading Policy can be found within the Company's Corporate Governance Plan on the Company's website.	